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Listing of Claims

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the subject application:

1. (currently amended) An image compression device, comprising:

an encoding part that performs configured to perform a frequency analysis of image data, encodes a plurality of coefficients generated by the frequency analysis first unit by first unit, and generates a plurality of codes;

a code reduction part that reduces the configured to reduce an amount of the codes of each of the first units; and

a processing part that further divides configured to further divide the coefficients or the codes in each of the first units into a plurality of second units, each of the second units including plural codes, and increase increase the amount of code reduction in the code reduction part for each of the second units according to values of the coefficients or the codes of each of the second units or according to values of the codes of each of the second units.

2. (original) The image compression device as claimed in claim 1, wherein: the code reduction part comprises:

a truncation table including a plurality of truncation data sets to each of which a data number is assigned, said truncation data sets determining the amount of the codes to be truncated from the codes corresponding to one of the coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the first units, said truncation data sets being arranged so that along with an increase of the data number, the amount of the codes to be truncated increases or decreases gradually, and

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the image quality degrades or improves gradually; and

a rate controller that determines one of the data numbers corresponding to one of the truncation data sets, said one of the truncation data sets resulting in a change of the amount of the codes of each of the first units after code truncation in accordance with the one of the truncation data sets to be close to a target value.

3. (currently amended) [[The]] An image compression device as claimed in claim 1, performing coding in compliance with the JPEG-2000 standards, wherein comprising:

[[the]] an encoding part performs configured to perform a two-dimensional discrete wavelet transformation on [[the]] image data and generates generate a plurality of wavelet coefficients, divides divide the wavelet coefficients into a plurality of sub-bands, performs perform arithmetic coding for the wavelet coefficients of each of the sub-bands and generates generate a plurality of codes;

[[the]] a code reduction part reduces the configured to reduce an amount of the codes by truncating a portion of the codes corresponding to one of the wavelet coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the sub-bands; and

[[the]] <u>a</u> processing part <u>divides</u> <u>configured to divide</u> each of the sub-bands into a plurality of code blocks, and <u>increases</u> <u>increase</u> the amount of codes to be truncated in the code reduction part for each of the code blocks according to values of the wavelet coefficients in each of the code blocks or according to values of data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of each of the code blocks.

4. (original) The image compression device as claimed in claim 3, wherein:

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the processing part comprises:

an average value calculation circuit that calculates an average value of the wavelet coefficients of a plurality of effective pixels in each of the code blocks, or an average value of the data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks; and

a masking coefficient calculation circuit that determines the increase of the amount of the codes to be truncated in each of the code blocks performed in the code reduction part according to the average value obtained in the average value calculation circuit.

5. (original) The image compression device as claimed in claim 4, wherein:

the average value calculation circuit quantizes the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks, and calculates the average value of the data obtained by quantizing the wavelet coefficients.

6. (original) The image compression device as claimed in claim 4, wherein:

the average value calculation circuit encodes the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks by the arithmetic coding, and calculates the average value of the data obtained by encoding the wavelet coefficients.

7. (currently amended) An image compression method, comprising:

a first step of performing a frequency analysis on image data, encoding a plurality of coefficients obtained by the frequency analysis first unit by first unit, and generating a plurality of codes;

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a second step of reducing [[the]] an amount of the codes of each of the first units; and a third step of further dividing the coefficients or the codes of each of the first units into a plurality of second units, each of the second units including plural codes, and increasing the amount of code reduction for each of the second units according to values of the coefficients or the codes of each of the second units or according to values of the codes of each of the second units.

8. (original) The image compression method as claimed in claim 7, wherein: the second step comprises:

a step of creating a truncation table including a plurality of truncation data sets to each of which a data number is assigned; said truncation data sets determining the amount of the codes to be truncated from the codes corresponding to one of the coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the first units, said truncation data sets being arranged so that along with an increase of the data number, the amount of the codes to be truncated increases or decreases gradually, and the image quality degrades or improves gradually; and

a stop of determining one of the data numbers corresponding to one of the truncation data sets, said one of the truncation data sets resulting in a change of the amount of the codes of each of the first units after code truncation in accordance with the one of the truncation data sets to be close to a target value.

9. (currently amended) [[The]] An image compression method as elaimed in claim 7, performing coding in compliance with the JPEG 2000 standards, wherein comprising:

the first step comprises a first step of performing a two-dimensional discrete wavelet

transformation on [[the]] image data and generating a plurality of wavelet coefficients, dividing the wavelet coefficients into a plurality of sub-bands, performing arithmetic coding for the wavelet coefficients of each of the sub-bands and generating a plurality of codes;

the second step comprises a second step of reducing [[the]] an amount of the codes by truncating a portion of the codes corresponding to one of the wavelet coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the sub-bands; and

the third step-comprises a third step of dividing each of the sub-bands into a plurality of code blocks, and increasing the amount of codes to be truncated in-the code reduction part for each of the code blocks according to values of the wavelet coefficients in each of the code blocks or according to values of data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of each of the code blocks.

10. (original) The image compression method as claimed in claim 9, wherein: the third step comprises:

a fourth step of calculating an average value of the wavelet coefficients of a plurality of effective pixels in each of the code blocks, or an average value of the data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks; and

a fifth step of determining the increase of the amount of the codes to be truncated in each of the code blocks performed in the code reduction part according to the average value obtained in the average value calculation circuit.

11. (original) The image compression method as claimed in claim 10, wherein:
the fourth step comprises a step of quantizing the wavelet coefficients of the effective

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pixels in each of the code blocks, and calculating the average value of the data obtained by quantizing the wavelet coefficients.

12. (original) The image compression method as claimed in claim 10, wherein:

the fourth step comprises a step of encoding the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks by the arithmetic coding, and calculating the average value of the data obtained by encoding the wavelet coefficients.

13. (currently amended) A computer readable medium embodying a program of instructions executable by a computer to perform a method for compressing image data, said method comprising instructions for causing a computer to execute:

a first step of performing a frequency analysis on [[the]] image data, encoding a plurality of coefficients obtained by the frequency analysis first unit by first unit, and generating a plurality of codes;

a second step of reducing [[the]] an amount of the codes of each of the first units; and a third step of further dividing the coefficients or the codes of each of the first units into a plurality of second units, each of the second units including plural codes, and increasing the amount of code reduction for each of the second units according to values of the coefficients or the codes of each of the second units or according to values of the codes of each of the second units.

14. (currently amended) The program computer readable medium as claimed in claim 13, wherein:

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the second step comprises:

a step of creating a truncation table including a plurality of truncation data sets to each of which a data number is assigned, said truncation data sets determining the amount of the codes to be truncated from the codes corresponding to one of the coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the first units, said truncation data sets being arranged so that along with an increase of the data number, the amount of the codes to be truncated increases or decreases gradually, and the image quality degrades or improves gradually; and

a step of determining one of the data numbers corresponding to one of the truncation data sets, said one of the truncation data sets resulting in a change of the amount of the codes of each of the first units after code truncation in accordance with the one of the truncation data sets to be close to a target value.

15. (currently amended) The program as claimed in claim 13, said program performing image compression in compliance with the JPEG 2000 standards, wherein A computer readable medium embodying a program of instructions executable by a computer to perform a method for compressing image data, said method comprising:

the first step comprises a first step of performing a two-dimensional discrete wavelet transformation on [[the]] image data and generating a plurality of wavelet coefficients, dividing the wavelet coefficients into a plurality of sub-bands, performing arithmetic coding for the wavelet coefficients of each of the sub-bands and generating a plurality of codes;

the second step comprises a second step of reducing [[the]] an amount of the codes by truncating a portion of the codes corresponding to one of the wavelet coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the sub-bands; and

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the third step comprises a third step of dividing each of the sub-bands into a plurality of code blocks, and increasing the amount of codes to be truncated in the code reduction part for each of the code blocks according to values of the wavelet coefficients in each of the code blocks or according to values of data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of each of the code blocks.

16. (currently amended) The program computer readable medium as claimed in claim 15, wherein:

the third step comprises:

a fourth step of calculating an average value of the wavelet coefficients of a plurality of effective pixels in each of the code blocks, or an average value of the data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks; and

a fifth step of determining the increase of the amount of the codes to be truncated in each of the code blocks performed in the code reduction part according to the average value obtained in the average value calculation circuit.

17. (currently amended) The program computer readable medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein:

the fourth step comprises a step of quantizing the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks, and calculating the average value of the data obtained by quantizing the wavelet coefficients.

18. (currently amended) The program computer readable medium as claimed in claim

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16, wherein:

the fourth step further comprises a step of encoding the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks by the arithmetic coding, and calculating the average value of the data obtained by encoding the wavelet coefficients.

19. (currently amended) A <u>computer readable</u> storage medium that stores a program <u>of instructions executable by a computer to perform a method</u> [or compressing image data, said method [[and]] comprising instructions for causing a computer to execute:

a first step of performing a frequency analysis on [[the]] image data, encoding a plurality of coefficients obtained by the frequency analysis first unit by first unit, and generating a plurality of codes;

a second step of reducing [[the]] an amount of the codes of each of the first units; and a third step of further dividing the coefficients or the codes of each of the first units into a plurality of second units, each of the second units including plural codes, and increasing the amount of code reduction for each of the second units according to values of the coefficients or the codes of each of the second units or according to values of the codes of each of the second units.

20. (currently amended) The <u>computer readable</u> storage medium as claimed in claim 19, wherein:

in said program,

the second step comprises:

a step of creating a truncation table including a plurality of truncation data sets to each of

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which a data number is assigned, said truncation data sets determining the amount of the codes to be truncated from the codes corresponding to one of the coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the first units, said truncation data sets being arranged so that along with an increase of the data number, the amount of the codes to be truncated increases or decreases gradually, and the image quality degrades or improves gradually; and

a step of determining one of the data numbers corresponding to one of the truncation data sets, said one of the truncation data sets resulting in a change of the amount of the codes of each of the first units after code truncation in accordance with the one of the truncation data sets to be close to a target value.

21. (currently amended) [[The]] A computer readable storage medium as claimed in elaim 19 that stores a program of instructions executable by a computer to perform a method for compressing image data, wherein said method comprising:

the image compression is performed in compliance with the JPEG 2000 standards, wherein:

the-first-step comprises a first step of performing a two-dimensional discrete wavelet transformation on [[the]] image data and generating a plurality of wavelet coefficients, dividing the wavelet coefficients into a plurality of sub-bands, performing arithmetic coding for the wavelet coefficients of each of the sub-bands and generating a plurality of codes;

the second step comprises a second step of reducing [[the]] an amount of the codes by truncating a portion of the codes corresponding to one of the wavelet coefficients from the least significant bit of the codes in each of the sub-bands; and

the third step comprises a third step of dividing each of the sub-bands into a plurality of

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code blocks, and increasing the amount of codes to be truncated in the code reduction part for each of the code blocks according to values of the wavelet coefficients in each of the code blocks or according to values of data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of each of the code blocks.

22. (currently amended) The <u>computer readable</u> storage medium as claimed in claim 21, wherein:

in said program:

the third step comprises:

a fourth step of calculating an average value of the wavelet coefficients of a plurality of effective pixels in each of the code blocks, or an average value of the data obtained by processing the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks; and

a fifth step of determining the increase of the amount of the codes to be truncated in each of the code blocks performed in the code reduction part according to the average value obtained in the average value calculation circuit.

23. (currently amended) The <u>computer readable</u> storage medium as claimed in claim 22, wherein:

in said program:

the fourth step comprises a step of quantizing the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks, and calculating the average value of the data obtained by quantizing the wavelet coefficients.

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24. (currently amended) The computer readable storage medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein:

in said program:

the fourth step further comprises a step of encoding the wavelet coefficients of the effective pixels in each of the code blocks by the arithmetic coding, and calculating the average value of the data obtained by encoding the wavelet coefficients.